



FAST+MORE



















Derived Results & License Types

1. Which Derived Result Value is available in with FAST+MORE License



















Unique Name	Unit example	Caption	Equation	Explanation	available with Starter License	available with Profess. License	available with Enterpr. License
i_Max_DoU		Maximum DoU of all DoU's	for Screws: $\max(i_DoU_StickFric_min, f_DoU_AxialCombStress_Thread_max, i_DoU_ShearStress_Thread),$ for Rivets: $\max(f_DoU_AxialStress_Shaft, i_DoU_ShearStress_Shaft, i_DoU_CombStress_Rivet)$	Maximum Degree of Utilization (DoU) of all available DoU's.	✓	✓	✓
i_DoU_StickFric		Utilization of Friction at Body Interface	$(i_F_shear * f_Input-SF_StickFric * f_Input-SF_ModelClass) / i_F_StickFric$	Degree of Utilization (DoU) of the action Shear Force in relation to Stick Friction at an Intersection, including user defined SaftyFactor f_Input-SF_StickFric and f_Input-SF_ModelClass	✓	✓	✓
i_DoU_StickFric_max		Utilization of Friction at Body Interface with max. Bolt Pretension	$(i_F_shear * f_Input-SF_StickFric * f_Input-SF_ModelClass) / i_F_StickFric_max$	Degree of Utilization (DoU) of the action Shear Force in relation to Stick Friction at an Intersection with max. Bolt Pretension, including user defined SaftyFactor f_Input-SF_StickFric and f_Input-SF_ModelClass	⊘	✓	✓
i_DoU_StickFric_min		Utilization of Friction at Body Interface with min. Bolt Pretension	$(i_F_shear * f_Input-SF_StickFric * f_Input-SF_ModelClass) / i_F_StickFric_min$	Degree of Utilization (DoU) of the action Shear Force in relation to Stick Friction at an Intersection with min. Bolt Pretension, including user defined SaftyFactor f_Input-SF_StickFric and f_Input-SF_ModelClass	⊘	✓	✓

i_DoU_ShearStress_Shaft		Utilization of the Fastener Shear-Strength at the Shaft	$\frac{(i_ShearStress_Shaft * f_Input-SF_ShearStrength * f_Input-SF_ModelClass)}{(Factor_tau_a/Rm * UltimateStrength_Rm)}$	Degree of Utilization (DoU) of the Fastener Shear Strength at the Shaft-Crosssection, already including user defined SaftyFactor f_Input-SF_ShearStrength and f_Input-SF_ModelClass	✓	✓	✓
i_DoU_ShearStress_Thread		Utilization of the Fastener Shear-Strength at the Thread	$\frac{(i_ShearStress_Thread * f_Input-SF_ShearStrength * f_Input-SF_ModelClass)}{(Factor_tau_a/Rm * UltimateStrength_Rm)}$	Degree of Utilization (DoU) of the Fastener Shear Strength at the Thread-Crosssection, already including user defined SaftyFactor f_Input-SF_ShearStrength and f_Input-SF_ModelClass	✓	✓	✓
f_DoU_AxialCombStress_Thread		Utilization of the Bolt Yield Strength at the Thread	$\frac{(f_CombStress_Thread * f_Input-SF_AxialYieldStrength * f_Input-SF_ModelClass)}{BoltYieldStrength_Re}$	Degree of Utilization (DoU) of the Bolt/Screw Strength at the Thread for static loads, already including user defined SaftyFactor f_Input-SF_AxialYieldStrength and f_Input-SF_ModelClass	✓	✓	✓
f_DoU_AxialCombStress_Thread_max		Utilization of the Bolt Yield Strength at the Thread with max. Bolt Pretension	$\frac{(f_CombStress_Thread_max * f_Input-SF_AxialYieldStrength * f_Input-SF_ModelClass)}{BoltYieldStrength_Re}$	Degree of Utilization (DoU) of the Bolt/Screw Strength at the Thread for static loads with max. Bolt Pretension, already including user defined SaftyFactor f_Input-SF_AxialYieldStrength and f_Input-SF_ModelClass	⊘	✓	✓
f_DoU_AxialCombStress_Thread_min		Utilization of the Bolt Yield Strength at the Thread with min. Bolt Pretension	$\frac{(f_CombStress_Thread_min * f_Input-SF_AxialYieldStrength * f_Input-SF_ModelClass)}{BoltYieldStrength_Re}$	Degree of Utilization (DoU) of the Bolt/Screw Strength at the Thread for static loads with min. Bolt Pretension, already including user defined SaftyFactor f_Input-SF_AxialYieldStrength and f_Input-SF_ModelClass	⊘	✓	✓

























f_DoU_AxialStress_Shaft		Utilization of the Rivet Axial Yield Strength	$\frac{(f_AxialStress_Shaft * f_Input-SF_AxialYieldStrength * f_Input-SF_ModelClass)}{BoltYieldStrength_Re}$	Degree of Utilization (DoU) of the Rivet Strength in the Shaft for static loads, already including user defined SaftyFactor f_Input-SF_AxialYieldStrength and f_Input-SF_ModelClass	✓	✓	✓
i_DoU_CombStress_Rivet		Utilization of the Combined Strength of a Rivet	$DoU_ShearStress_Shaft + DoU_AxialStress_Shaft * Rivet_Comb_Axial_Factor$	Degree of Utilization (DoU) of the Combined Axial and Lageral Rivet Strength: $F_lateral / F_lateral_allowed + F_axial / (F_axial_allowed * Rivet_Comb_Axial_Factor) \leq 1$	✓	✓	✓
f_DoU_Fatigue	1	Utilization of the Fastener Fatigue	for Screws: see detailed calculation steps at the end of 'Fastener Details'-Report, for Rivets: not available)	Degree of Utilization (DoU) of Screw Fatigue (not available for Rivets). Is calculated separately for each Interface of a Fastener and the worst Interface-DoU is applied for the entire Fastener. The SAME DoU is assigned to each LoadSet, as it depends on the max. Amplitude between two LoadSets.	⊘	⊘	✓
f_Nb_Cycles	1	Fatigue Limit Number of Cycles	for Screws: see detailed calculation steps at the end of 'Fastener Details'-Report, for Rivets: not available)	Number of alternating cycles for finite life fatigue strength. 2 000 000 cycles is assumend as fatigue life. Smallest permissible value is 10 000, smaller life is marked with -1. The SAME value is assigned to each LoadSet, as it depends on the max. Amplitude between two LoadSets.	⊘	⊘	✓
f_LS-A_fromFatigueAmplitude	1	First LoadSet of max. Stress Amplitude for Fatigue-Assessm.	see calculation at the end of 'Fastener Details'-Report	FIRST of two LoadSet Numbers, between which the maximum Amplitude of the Nominal Stress (Axial+Bending) occurs for Fatigue assessment in 'f_DoU_Fatigue' and 'f_SF_Fatigue'.	⊘	⊘	✓

f_LS-B_fromFatigueAmplitude	1	Second LoadSet of max. Stress Amplitude for Fatigue-Assessm.	see calculation at the end of 'Fastener Details'-Report	SECOND of two LoadSet Numbers, between which the maximum Amplitude of the Nominal Stress (Axial+Bending) occurs for Fatigue assessment in 'f_DoU_Fatigue' and 'f_SF_Fatigue'.			
i_Min_SF		Minimum SF of all SF's	1 / i_Max_DoU	Minimum Safety Factor (SF) of all relevant SF's			
i_SF_StickFric		Safety Factor (SF) for Friction at Body Interface	1 / i_DoU_StickFric	Safety Factor (SF) for the action Shear Force in relation to Stick Friction at an Intersection, already including user defined SaftyFactor SF_StickFriction and SF_ModelClass			
i_SF_StickFric_max		Safety Factor (SF) for Friction at Body Interface with max. Bolt Pretension	1 / i_DoU_StickFric_max	Safety Factor (SF) for the action Shear Force in relation to Stick Friction at an Intersection with max. Bolt Pretension, already including user defined SaftyFactor SF_StickFriction and SF_ModelClass			
i_SF_StickFric_min		Safety Factor (SF) for Friction at Body Interface with min. Bolt Pretension	1 / i_DoU_StickFric_min	Safety Factor (SF) for the action Shear Force in relation to Stick Friction at an Intersection with min. Bolt Pretension, already including user defined SaftyFactor SF_StickFriction and SF_ModelClass			
i_SF_ShearStress_Shaft		Safety Factor (SF) for the Fastener Shear-Strength at the Shaft	1 / i_DoU_ShearStress_Shaft	Safety Factor (SF) for the Fastener Shear Strength at the Shaft-Crosssection, already including user defined SaftyFactor SF_FastnerShearStrength and SF_ModelClass			

i_SF_ShearStress_Thread		Safety Factor (SF) for the Fastener Shear-Strength at the Thread	$1 / i_DoU_ShearStress_Thread$	Safety Factor (SF) for the Fastener Shear Strength at the Thread-Crosssection, already including user defined SaftyFactor SF_FastnerShearStrength and SF_ModelClass	✓	✓	✓
f_SF_AxialCombStress_Thread		Safety Factor (SF) for the Bolt Yield Strength at the Thread	$1 / f_DoU_AxialCombStress_Thread$	Safety Factor (SF) for the Bolt/Screw Strength at the Thread for static loads, already including user defined SaftyFactor SF_FastenerAxialYieldStrength and SF_ModelClass	✓	✓	✓
f_SF_AxialCombStress_Thread_max		Safety Factor (SF) for the Bolt Yield Strength at the Threadwith with max. Bolt Pretension	$1 / f_DoU_AxialCombStress_Thread_max$	Safety Factor (SF) for the Bolt/Screw Strength at the Thread for static loads with max. Bolt Pretension, already including user defined SaftyFactor SF_FastenerAxialYieldStrength and SF_ModelClass	⊘	✓	✓
f_SF_AxialCombStress_Thread_min		Safety Factor (SF) for the Bolt Yield Strength at the Threadwith with min. Bolt Pretension	$1 / f_DoU_AxialCombStress_Thread_min$	Safety Factor (SF) for the Bolt/Screw Strength at the Thread for static loads with min. Bolt Pretension, already including user defined SaftyFactor SF_FastenerAxialYieldStrength and SF_ModelClass	⊘	✓	✓
f_SF_AxialStress_Shaft		Safety Factor (SF) for the Rivet Axial Yield Strength	$1 / f_DoU_AxialStress_Shaft$	Safety Factor (SF) for the Rivet Strength in the Shaft for static loads, already including user defined SaftyFactor SF_FastenerAxialYieldStrength and SF_ModelClass	✓	✓	✓
i_SF_CombStress_Rivet		Safety Factor (SF) for the Combined Strength of a Rivet	$1 / i_DoU_CombStress_Rivet$	Safety Factor (SF) for the Combined Axial and Lageral Rivet Strength: $F_lateral / F_lateral_allowed + F_axial /$	✓	✓	✓

				$(F_{axial_allowed} * Rivet_Comb_Axial_Factor) \leq 1$			
f_SF_Fatigue	1	Safety Factor (SF) for the Fastener Fatigue	$1 / f_DoU_Fatigue$	Safety Factor (SF) of Screw Fatigue (not available for Rivets). Is calculated separately for each Interface of a Fastener and the worst Interface-DoU is applied for the entire Fastener. The SAME DoU is assigned to each LoadSet, as it depends on the max. Amplitude between two LoadSets.			
f_Input-SF_ModelClass		Already included Safety Factor for Modeling Method	defined by user	Used Safety Factor to cover uncertainties from simplified Fastener modeling method - depending on Model-Class			
f_Input-SF_StickFric		Already included Safety Factor against slipping at an Interface	defined by user	Used Safety Factor to cover uncertainties from simplified Fastener modeling method - against slipping at an Interface			
f_Input-SF_ShearStrength		Already included Safety Factor against Shear Strength (Factor_'tau_a/Rm' * UltimateStrength_Rm)	defined by user	Used Safety Factor to cover uncertainties from simplified Fastener modeling method - against Shear Strength (Factor_'tau_a/Rm' * UltimateStrength_Rm)			
f_Input-SF_AxialYieldStrength		Already included Safety Factor for Axial Strength against Yield Strength	defined by user	Used Safety Factor to cover uncertainties from simplified Fastener modeling method - for Axial Strength against Yield Strength			
f_Input-SF_Fatigue	1	Already included Safety Factor for Fatigue Strength	defined by user	Used Safety Factor to cover uncertainties from simplified Fatigue Assessment method - for Fatigue Strength			

i_ShearStress_Shaft	MPa	Intersec. Shear Stress at Shaft	i_F_shear/A_Shaft	Acting Shear Stress at Intersection, if Shaft-CrossSection is relevant	✓	✓	✓
i_ShearStress_Thread	MPa	Intersec. Shear Stress at Thread	i_F_shear/A_Thread	Acting Shear Stress at Intersection, if Thread-CrossSection is relevant	✓	✓	✓
f_AxialStress_Shaft	MPa	Fastener Axial Stress in Shaft	$f_F_S_Head / StressCrossSection_Shaft$	Nominal Axial Normal Stress in the Shaft	✓	✓	✓
f_AxialStress_Thread	MPa	Fastener Axial Stress in Thread	$f_F_S_Head / StressCrossSection_AS$	Nominal Axial Normal Stress in Thread on the Nut-Side	✓	✓	✓
f_CombStress_Thread	MPa	Fastener Combined Stress in Thread	$(f_AxialStress_Thread^{**2} + 3*(k_tau * MomentShearStress)^{**2})^{**0.5}$, with $k_tau=0.5$	Combined (comparative or reduced) Stress in Thread. Axial Stress and Torsional Shear Stress combined.	✓	✓	✓
f_CombStress_Thread_max	MPa	Fastener Combined Stress in Thread with max. Bolt Pretension	$(f_AxialStress_Thread_max^{**2} + 3*(k_tau * MomentShearStress_max)^{**2})^{**0.5}$, with $k_tau=0.5$	Combined (comparative or reduced) Stress in Thread with max. Bolt Pretension. Axial Stress and Torsional Shear Stress combined.	⊘	✓	✓
f_CombStress_Thread_min	MPa	Fastener Combined Stress in Thread with min. Bolt Pretension	$(f_AxialStress_Thread_min^{**2} + 3*(k_tau * MomentShearStress_min)^{**2})^{**0.5}$, with $k_tau=0.5$	Combined (comparative or reduced) Stress in Thread with min. Bolt Pretension. Axial Stress and Torsional Shear Stress combined.	⊘	✓	✓
f_MaxAxialStress_SDIR	MPa	FastenerBeam: Max.AxialStress	read from Ansys	Nativ FastenerBeam: Max. Axial Stress in Ansys	⊘	⊘	⊘
f_MaxBendingStr_SB	MPa	FastenerBeam: Max.BendingStress	read from Ansys	Nativ FastenerBeam: Max. Bending Stress in Ansys	⊘	⊘	⊘
f_MaxCombStr_SDIR+SB	MPa	FastenerBeam: Max.CombinedStress Axial+Bending	read from Ansys	Nativ FastenerBeam: Max. Axial+Bending Combined Stress in Ansys	⊘	⊘	⊘
f_Pretension_FactorOfYield		Factor Of Yield Point defines max. Pretension Force	defined by user	This factor, together with the yield point of the bolt, defines the max. pretension force	⊘	✓	✓

f_TighteningFactor_alpha		TighteningFactor alpha	defined by user	This factor defines the difference between max. and min. pretension force			
f_F_S_Head	N	Fastener Head Axial Force	<u>for Screws with FEA-Pretension:</u> - i_F_x of Head-Intersec., <u>for Screws with Virtual-Pretension:</u> $F_M + F_SA$, <u>for Rivets:</u> $f_max_i_F_axial$ but only positive Values	Axial Force under the Fastener Head (>0 ... Tension, <0...Compression)			
f_F_S_Head_max	N	Fastener Head Axial Force with max. Bolt Preload	<u>for Screws:</u> $F_M_max + F_SA$, <u>for Rivets:</u> $-f_min_i_F_x$ but only positive Values	Axial Force under the Fastener Head with max. Bolt Preload (>0 ... Tension, <0...Compression)			
f_F_S_Head_min	N	Fastener Head Axial Force with min. Bolt Preload	<u>for Screws:</u> $F_M_min + F_SA$, <u>for Rivets:</u> $-f_min_i_F_x$ but only positive Values	Axial Force under the Fastener Head with min. Bolt Preload (>0 ... Tension, <0...Compression)			
f_F_M	N	used Bolt Preload	read from UI Input	Bolt Preload at assembly, used in FEA model (should stay between $f_F_M_max$ and $f_F_M_min$)			
f_F_M_max	N	max. Bolt Preload	Bolt-Yield-Point * $f_Pretension_FactorOfYield$	max. Bolt Preload at assembly, within the achievable scatter of assembly bolt preload			
f_F_M_min	N	min. Bolt Preload	$f_F_M_max / f_TighteningFactor_alpha$	min. Bolt Preload at assembly, within the achievable scatter of assembly bolt preload			
i_F_SA	N	Intersec. Axial Additional Bolt Load	<u>for Screws with FEA-Pretension:</u> $F_S - F_M$,	Axial Additional Bolt Load (with Load Introduction Factor n from			

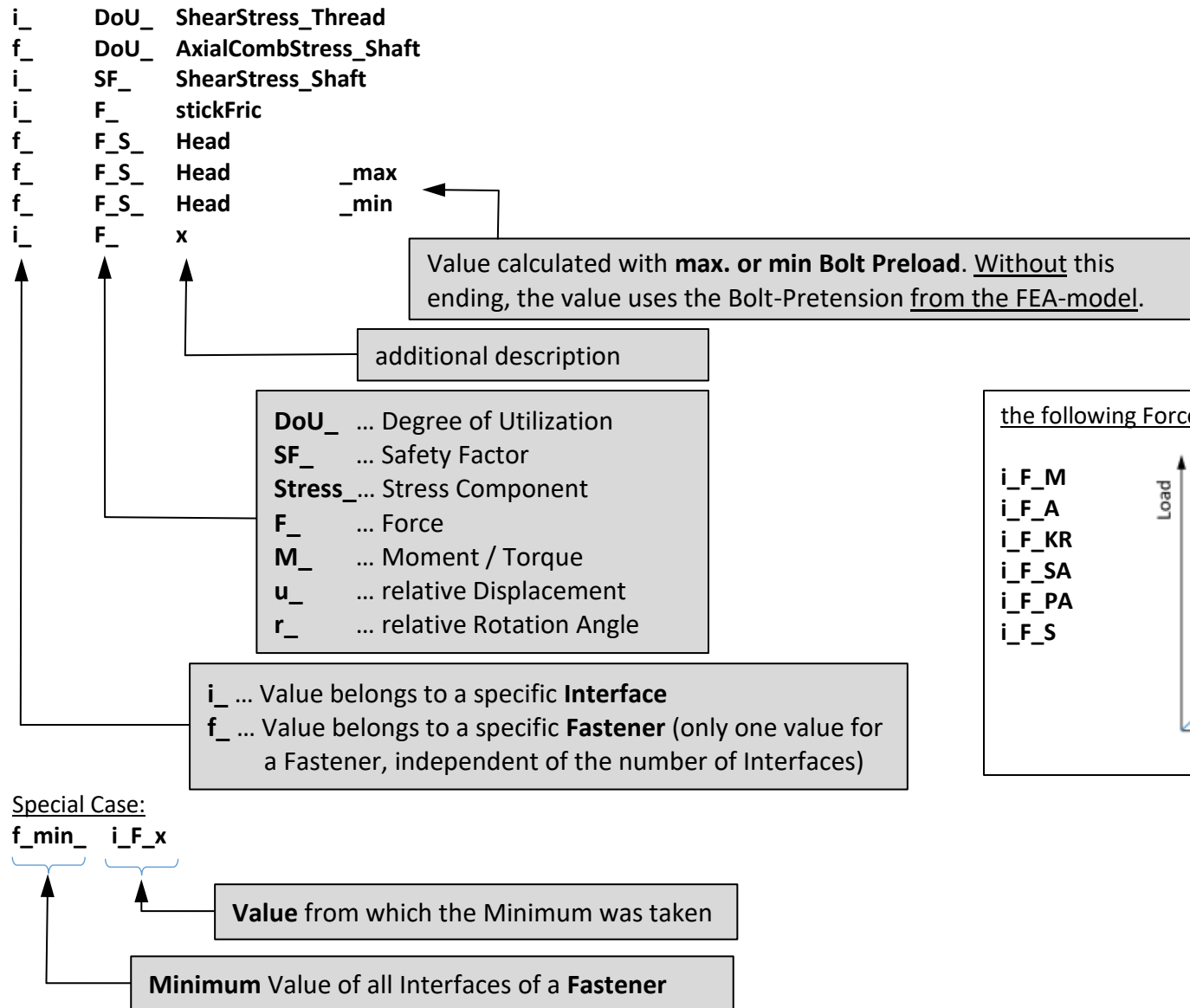
			<u>for Screws with Virtual-Pretension:</u> $n * (\Delta_P / (\Delta_P * \Delta_S)) * F_A,$ <u>for Rivets:</u> 0	User Input for Fasteners with Virtual-Pretension)			
f_max_i_F_SA	N	Intersec. Axial Additional Bolt Load	Maximum of i_F_SA of all Intersections of a Fastener	Find max. of i_F_SA of ALL Intersections of a Fastener (--> max. F_S_Head on a Screw), especially relevant if more than two bodies are connected	✓	✓	✓
i_F_KR	N	Intersec. Residual Clamp Load	<u>for Screws with FEA-Pretension:</u> - i_F_axial, <u>for Screws with Virtual-Pretension:</u> $F_M + F_{SA} - F_A,$ <u>for Rivets:</u> 0	residual clamp load at the interface during relief or loading by F_PA	✓	✓	✓
i_F_KR_max	N	Intersec. Residual Clamp Load, with max. Bolt Pretension	<u>for Screws:</u> $F_{M_max} + F_{SA} - F_A,$ <u>for Rivets:</u> 0	max. residual clamp load at the interface during relief or loading by F_PA	⊘	✓	✓
i_F_KR_min	N	Intersec. Residual Clamp Load, with min. Bolt Pretension	<u>for Screws:</u> $F_{M_min} + F_{SA} - F_A,$ <u>for Rivets:</u> 0	min. residual clamp load at the interface during relief or loading by F_PA	⊘	✓	✓
i_F_A	N	Intersec. Axial Load	<u>for Screws with FEA-Pretension:</u> $F_S - F_{KR},$ <u>for Screws with Virtual-Pretension:</u> - i_F_axial, <u>for Rivets:</u>	a component, directed in the bolt axis and proportionally related to the bolt of a working load FB in any direction	✓	✓	✓

			0				
i_F_S	N	Bolt Load	<u>for Screws with FEA-Pretension:</u> $f_{F_S_Head}$, <u>for Screws with Virtual-Pretension:</u> $F_M + F_{SA}$, <u>for Rivets:</u> 0	Bolt Load	✓	✓	✓
i_F_S_max	N	Bolt Load, with max. Bolt Pretension	<u>for Screws:</u> $F_{M_max} + F_{SA}$, <u>for Rivets:</u> 0	Bolt Load, with max. Bolt Pretension	⊘	✓	✓
i_F_S_min	N	Bolt Load, with min. Bolt Pretension	<u>for Screws:</u> $F_{M_min} + F_{SA}$, <u>for Rivets:</u> 0	Bolt Load, with min. Bolt Pretension	⊘	✓	✓
i_F_StickFric	N	Intersec. StickFriction Force	$i_{F_KR} * FrictionCoefficient$	Shear Force that can be transmitted by Friction at an Intersection with the Bolt Pretension used in the FEA model	✓	✓	✓
i_F_StickFric_max	N	Intersec. StickFriction Force with max. Bolt Pretension	$i_{F_KR_max} * FrictionCoefficient$	Shear Force that can be transmitted by Friction at an Intersection with max. Bolt Pretension	⊘	✓	✓
i_F_StickFric_min	N	Intersec. StickFriction Force with min. Bolt Pretension	$i_{F_KR_min} * FrictionCoefficient$	Shear Force that can be transmitted by Friction at an Intersection with min. Bolt Pretension	⊘	✓	✓
i_F_shear	N	Intersec. Shear Force	$(i_{F_y}^{**2} + i_{F_z}^{**2})^{**0.5}$	Acting Shear Force at an Intersection	✓	✓	✓
i_F_axial	N	Intersec. Axial Force	$+i_{F_x}$	Acting Axial Force at an Intersection (>0...Tension -	✓	✓	✓

				opening gap, <0...Compression - closing gap)			
f_max_i_F_axial	N	Intersec. Axial Force	Maximum of i_F_axial of all Intersections of a Fastener	Find max. of F_axial of ALL Intersections of a Fastener, especially relevant if more than two bodies are connected (conservative assumption: =max Tension on a Rivet)	✓	✓	✓
i_M_bend	N mm	Intersec. Bending Moment	$(i_M_y^{**2}+i_M_z^{**2})^{**0.5}$	Acting Bending Moment lateral to Fastener Axis at an Intersection	⊘	⊘	✓
i_M_axial	N m	Intersec. Moment around Fastener Axis	-i_M_x	Acting Moment (Torque) around Fastener Axis at an Intersection	⊘	⊘	✓
i_F_x	N	Intersection: x-Force	read from Ansys	Intersection: Force in local x-Direction (in Fastener-Axis direction)	✓	✓	✓
i_F_y	N	Intersection: y-Force	read from Ansys	Intersection: Force in local y-Direction (perpendicular to Fastener-Axis)	✓	✓	✓
i_F_z	N	Intersection: z-Force	read from Ansys	Intersection: Force in local z-Direction (perpendicular to Fastener-Axis)	✓	✓	✓
i_M_x	N m	Intersection: x-Moment	read from Ansys	Intersection: Moment around local x-Axis (Fastener-Axis)	✓	✓	✓
i_M_y	N m	Intersection: y-Moment	read from Ansys	Intersection: Moment around local y-Axis (perpendicular to Fastener-Axis)	✓	✓	✓
i_M_z	N m	Intersection: z-Moment	read from Ansys	Intersection: Moment around local z-Axis (perpendicular to Fastener-Axis)	✓	✓	✓
i_u_shear	mm	Intersec. Shear Slip Distance	$(i_u_y^{**2}+i_u_z^{**2})^{**0.5}$	Shear Slip Distance at an Intersection	✓	✓	✓
i_u_axial	mm	Intersec. Axial Displacement	i_u_x	Axial Displacement at an Intersection (>0...Tension, opening gap, <0...Compression, closing gap)	✓	✓	✓

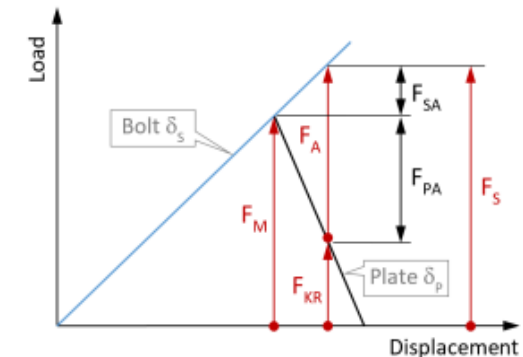
i_u_x	mm	Intersection: rel. x-Displacement	read from Ansys	Intersection: relative axial Displacement in local x-Direction	✓	✓	✓
i_u_y	mm	Intersection: rel. y-Displacement	read from Ansys	Intersection Slip: relative Displacement in local y-Direction	✓	✓	✓
i_u_z	mm	Intersection: rel. z-Displacement	read from Ansys	Intersection Slip: relative Displacement in local z-Direction	✓	✓	✓
i_r_x	deg	Intersection: rel. x-RotationAngle	read from Ansys	Intersection: relative RotationAngle around local x-Axis	✓	✓	✓
i_r_y	deg	Intersection: rel. y-RotationAngle	read from Ansys	Intersection: relative RotationAngle around local y-Axis	✓	✓	✓
i_r_z	deg	Intersection: rel. z-RotationAngle	read from Ansys	Intersection: relative RotationAngle around local z-Axis	✓	✓	✓

How to read the „Unique Names“ of the values:



the following Force-Names are related to the Joint Diagramm:

i_F_M
i_F_A
i_F_KR
i_F_SA
i_F_PA
i_F_S

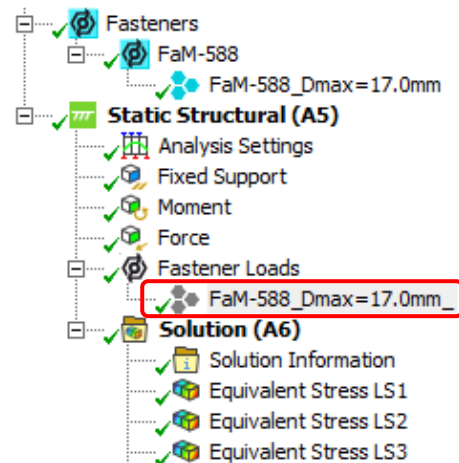


Bolt Pretension at assembly is always subjected to a certain degree of scatter. This scatter is taken into account by the tightening factor α_A and leads to the difference between max. and min. Preload ... $F_{M \max}$ and $F_{M \min}$.

- Max. preload $F_{M \max}$ is needed for the assessment of the bolt strength and
- Min. preload $F_{M \min}$ is needed for the assessment of the slipping safety factor.

Both conditions ($F_{M \min}$ and $F_{M \max}$) are calculated by FAST+MORE automatically → compare values listed above.

- $F_{M \max} = \text{Bolt-Yield-Point} * \text{Factor-of-Yield-Point}$
- $F_{M \min} = F_{M \max} / \text{tightening factor } \alpha_A$



Fastener Group Properties	
Fastener Object Id	835
Fastener Group Id	931
Number of Fastener	6
Fastener Ids	1; 2; 3; 4; 5; 6
Diameter	16 mm
Fastener Type	Screw
Tightening Method	
Tightening Method	(alpha_a = 1.7 - 2.5) with Torque...
Tightening Factor alpha_a Level	use MAX Value of alpha_a
Tightening Factor alpha_a Value	2,5
Bolt Pretension	
Bolt Pretension	Virtual (only for Assessment)
max. Bolt Pretension, Factor of Yield Point	0,9
Bolt Pretension Level (in alpha_a Range)	use MEAN Value of Pretension
<input type="checkbox"/> Preload	45195 N
<input type="checkbox"/> Friction Coefficient at Thread and Head	0,12
<input type="checkbox"/> Tightening Torque	116000 N-mm
<input type="checkbox"/> Virtual Friction Coefficient at Intersec.	0,15

These parameters define the max. and min. Bolt Preload ($F_{M \max}$ and $F_{M \min}$)

This Preload value is actually used in FEA model, if "Real FEA Bolt Preload" is used in higher Modelling Methods.